AG	REEMENT FOR JUDGMENT AND FOR PAYMENT ORDER	DOCKET NUMBER	Trial Court of Massachusetts Small Claims Session					
PLAINT	IFF(S) WHO ARE PARTIES TO THIS AGREEMENT		COURT DIVISION					
	VS.							
DEFENI	DANT(S) WHO ARE PARTIES TO THIS AGREEMENT		REQUESTED DATE OF PAYMENT REVIEW					
			☐ No payment review requeste					
		JDGMENT FOR PLAINTIFF(S). It is hereby agreed that in this small claim the Court may enter a judgment represent the plaintiff(s) named above and against the defendant(s) named above for:						
	\$ DAMAGES	☐ Plus I	PREJUDGMENT INTEREST from (date)					
	\$ COSTS	at the	e 12% statutory rate or the% contractual rate					
	\$ ATTORNEY FEES		dgment interest is waived by the plaintiff.					
	(if authorized by contract or statute)							
	PAYMENT ORDER. It is also agreed that the Court may enter a payment order that requires the defendant(s):							
	\Box to pay the plaintiff(s) the total amount	t of the judgment on or	before (date).					
	☐ to pay the plaintiff(s) \$ each ☐ week ☐ month_beginning on(date)							
	until the total amount of the judgment	·						
	This payment order will not be satisfied with any exe	empt income listed on pg.	2 of this form.					
	REVISED PAYMENT ORDER. In this small c may revise that payment order as follows:	laim the Court has alre	ady entered a judgment and it is hereby agreed that the Court					
	This payment order will not be satisfied with any exempt income listed on pg. 2 of this form.							
	SATISFIED IN FULL. It is also agreed that this claim or judgment has already been satisfied in full. (By court rule plaintiff(s) must file an acknowledgment of satisfaction with the court when the judgment has been paid in full.)							
	JUDGMENT FOR DEFENDANT(S). It is hereby agreed that in this small claim the Court may enter a judgment for the defendant(s) named above, and the plaintiff(s) shall take nothing on this claim.							
	DISMISSAL. It is hereby agreed that the Court may enter a judgment dismissing this small claim.							
	JUDGMENT ON COUNTERCLAIM. It is also agreed that the Court may enter the following judgment on the counterclaim brought by the above-named defendant(s) against the above-named plaintiff(s):							
ОТНЕ	ER PROVISIONS OR COMMENTS							
Upon	acceptance by the Court, a judgment and payment order will	be entered in accordance wit	th the above terms and will be enforceable as an order of the Court.					
X SIGN	ATURE OF PLAINTIFF(S) OR ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF((S) PRINT NAME	DATE					
X SIGN	ATURE OF DEFENDANT(S) OR ATTORNEY FOR DEFEND	PANT(S) PRINT NAME	DATE					

INCOME THAT IS EXEMPT FROM PAYMENT ORDERS

- 1. ALL INCOME FROM THE FOLLOWING SOURCES is exempt by law from any payment order:
 - Unemployment Benefits (G.L. c. 151A, § 36)
 - Workers Compensation Benefits (G.L. c. 152, § 47)
 - Social Security Benefits (42 U.S.C. § 401)
 - Federal Old-Age, Survivors & Disability Insurance Benefits (42 U.S.C. § 407)
 - Supplementary Security Income (SSI) for Aged, Blind & Disabled (42 U.S.C. § 1383[d][1])
 - Other Disability Insurance Benefits up to \$400 weekly (G.L. c. 175, § 110A)
 - Emergency Aid for Elderly & Disabled (now G.L. c. 117A)
 - · Veterans Benefits

Federal Veterans Benefits (38 U.S.C. § 5301[a])
Special Benefits for Certain WW II Veterans (42 U.S.C. § 1001)
Medal of Honor Veterans Benefits (38 U.S.C. § 1562)
State Veterans Benefits (G.L. c. 115, § 5)

- Transitional Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) Benefits (G.L. c. 118, §10)
- Maternal Child Health Services Block Grant Benefits (42 U.S.C. § 701)
- Other public assistance benefits (G.L. c. 235, § 34, fifteenth)
- 2. In addition, A PORTION OF WAGES OR EMPLOYMENT-BASED RETIREMENT PAYMENTS

is exempt by law from any payment order. The exempt amount is

\$218 or 75% of your weekly disposable earnings, whichever is greater.

Your "weekly disposable earnings" are your gross wages, salary or employment-based periodic retirement payments, *minus* any deductions required by law (including withholding taxes, social security [FICA], and mandatory public employee retirement contributions). Do *not* deduct any voluntary deductions, union dues or garnishments.

The minimum Federal exemption is equal to the Federal minimum wage (\$7.25 as of 7/24/09) multiplied by 30, or \$218 (15 U.S.C. §§ 1671-1677). Massachusetts law exempts the first \$125 in weekly "wages then due . . . for labor performed or services rendered" (G.L. c. 224, § 16 & c. 246, § 28) but this is normally less than the Federal exemption.

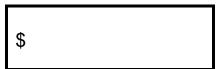
DEFENDANT'S WORKSHEET FOR CALCULATING EXEMPT AMOUNT OF WAGES OR EMPLOYMENT-BASED RETIREMENT PAYMENTS

Write the amount of your	"weekly disposable	earnings" (as d	lefined above)	nere = \$	

If your weekly disposable earnings are less than \$218, enter the amount of your weekly disposable earnings →

If your weekly disposable earnings are \$218–\$290, enter \$218 →

If your weekly disposable earnings are **more than \$290**, enter 75% of your weekly disposable earnings →



This is the amount of your weekly disposable earnings that is exempt from any payment orders.